# MBASE- The Molecular Basis of Advanced Nuclear Fuel Separations









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### **Original Objectives**

- To explore aspects of both established and innovative separation processes, linking them through the common theme of minor actinide separation
- To adopt an integrated approach, encompassing both physical and chemical phenomena
- To link both experimental and multiscale (molecular to process) modelling studies and
- To use molecular scale knowledge to improve separation performance in current or future processes
- Started 1 April 2010; End Date 30 Sept 2013

### **Structure of the Research Programme**

WP1: Challenges in WP2: Innovative Approaches to Solvent Extraction-Separation-Task 2.1 Production & Task 1.1 Third Phase Characterisation of Ion Selective Phenomena Membranes (ISMs) Task 1.2 Criticality and Fission in the Solution Task 2.2 ISMs for U/Pu Separation State Task 2.3 Ligands for Task 1.3 Minor Actinide/Lanthanide Separation Actinide and Tc Task 2.4 Evaluation of ISMs for Minor Control Actinide Separation CCT1: Integrative, multiscale modelling- statistical mechanics, thermodynamic/ kinetic, process scale CCT2: Radiation- radiation resistance, radiation quality & environment; effects on performance Figure 2. Structure of the Research Programme

#### **The Core Team**

Manchester Chemical Engineering- Clint Sharrad, Sven Schroeder, Andy Masters, Megan Jobson

Reading- Mike Hudson, Laurence Harwood

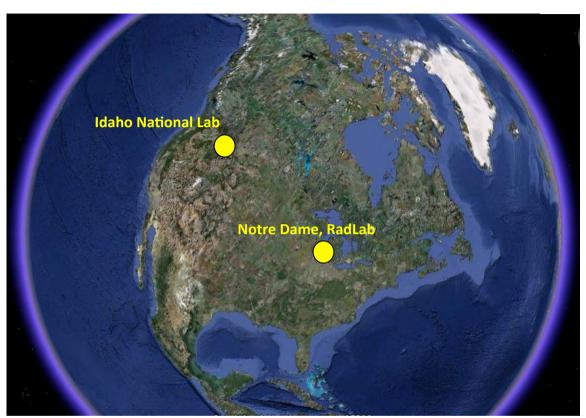
Lancaster- Colin Boxall

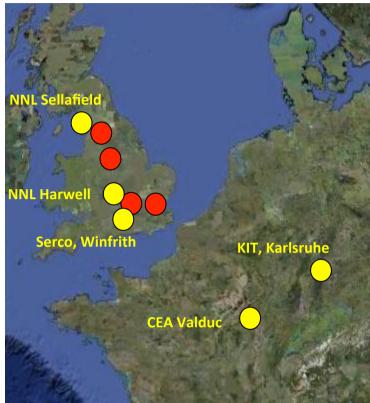
Imperial College- Chris Pain, Tony Goddard, Matt Eaton

NNL- Robin Taylor, Mark Sarsfield, Howard Sims

Manchester Chemistry- Simon Pimblott, Francis Livens

#### **Collaborations**





NNL Sellafield- flowsheet development; active separation facilities; NNL Harwell- radiation effects; Serco, Winfrith- criticality modelling; CEA Valduc- criticality data; KIT, Karlsruhe-transuranic synchrotron facility; Notre Dame RadLab- experimental radiation science facilities; Idaho National Lab- active laboratory facilities, minor actinide chemistry and spectroscopy, radiation effects

# Links To The EPSRC Nuclear Fission Doctoral Training Centre (DTC)

#### What is the DTC?

- 50 PhD students over 5 years
- 4 year programme- 1 year taught then 3 years full time PhD
- Students 'own' their PhD- develop their own proposal which is reviewed
- All projects must be cross-disciplinary

#### DTC PhDs linked to MBASE

- Extension of the NDDO (Neglect of Diatomic Differential Overlap) semiempirical Molecular Orbital (MO) theory formalism to f-orbitals.
- Model-directed ligand design for nuclear element coordination chemistry.
- Relating electronic and structural properties of complexants to actinide binding efficiency
- Investigation into the Radiolysis of PUREX Solvent Systems





The University of Manchester Dalton Nuclear Institute

## **Dalton Cumbrian Facility**

Joint £20m investment with the Nuclear Decommissioning Authority to establish a unique experimental research capability near Sellafield:

- Radiation Science
- Nuclear Engineering Decommissioning
- Academic access to 10% of the NNL Central Laboratory

